Good afternoon members of the Appropriations Committee, also everyone else. My name is Bowbara Albert, registered voter, renter in Htfd, Human Rights Advocate and Activist, and human being who happens to have multiple medical challenges. This is my testimony concerning SB, No. 246, An Act Concerning a commission on Federal Stimulus Distribution.

I need for you to know what will happen to low income elderly persons, disabled persons, single parents and their children and others who received assistance from the State of Ct Dept of Social Services, particularly people who are dual-eligible, (are on Medicare and Medicare) if the 1.3 Billion dollars, Federal money, meant to help Medicald benefits, ends up "elsewhere". It I loose Medicave Part D wraparound coverage, that helps pay for brand name medically necessary medications, due to several allergic, and messed over side effects from generic meds, that I've been massively guinea-pigged with Last time, just recently, a generic med, burned my sental grea. Ive had side effects from rashes, grand mail serzures, to anaphelactic shock symptoms. I have to deal with the State Pharmacy's Prior Approval and 1ts Genial stamp, all He time. Not to mention that having to pay copyments for uncountable medication triples, and the Drs appts, transportation to and from, premiums for the 'I have to Medicare Part D', and can't forget about the can't find a qualified therapist because most wont deal with Medicare/Medicard people, other insurance now too. I receive approximatly ten thousand dollars due to several medical conditions's most of which are chronic.

Almost two thirds goes for vent, then there's phone and electric bills. Personal hyseme items, that I've needed to find items I'm not allegac to, or 'overly sensitive' to . Occasionally a package of new underware, and/or socks. I slso take vitamins, cant use food stamps to purchase those > There's also my Americans willisabilities Act, Federally fur-bull companion/quardian angel, who eats and is taken care of better than me, my snocery Store is the food pantries I volonteer in. I have stopped taking all of my medications, suffered withdrawl, refused to go to doctors. no vision or dental enther, stopped in the process I currently have seven doctors. I take fem

prescribed meds, from a slowed down thyroid to a pre-cancerous condition. Why are mental innesses so difficult to understand as another medical

condition?

I've been surviving since before I'popped out the shoot, this is not quality life/living. It the 1.3 Billion Federal dollars, meant for use Medicard benefits, this will further increase obsticles, barriers, increase stigma and gentrifreation. Please do not cut our benefits. Please Keep The Promise,

Thank you for listening, and your patrence

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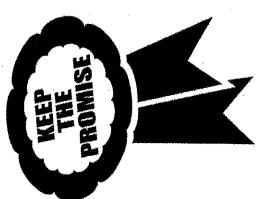
#### **BLUE RIBBON** SOLUTIONS **IMPLEMENT**

For more information, or if www.ctkeepthepromise.org you have questions, please or by email at keeptheprocontact the Coalition toll free at 1-800-215-3021, Visit our website at mise@namict.org

#### KEEP THE PROMISE COALITION

### **MENTAL HEALTH PROTECT**

## **SERVICES**



#### NOT INSTITUTIONS SOLUTIONS, COMMUNITY

KEEP THE PROMISE COALITION 241 MAIN STREET, 5TH FLOOR www.ctkeepthepromise.org 1-800-215-3021 EXT 30 HARTFORD, CT 06106 C/O NAMI-CT

# KEEP THE PROMISE: IMPLEMENT BLUE RIBBON SOLUTIONS

BACKGROUND: In July 2000, the Governor's Blue Ribbon Commission on Mental Health documented the crisis in mental health services. Children and adults were stuck in emergency rooms or shelters, sent out of state, trapped in institutions, or lost in the criminal justice system. Despite measures to expand and improve community services, the crisis continues and taxpayer dollars are wasted, while lives are irreparably harmed.

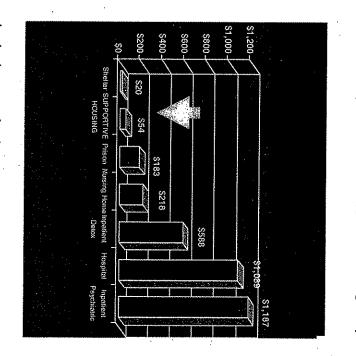
Like the impact of September I Ith and the Iraq war, the state's current economic crisis, with rising fore-closures and layoffs, increases the demand for mental health services. Cutting these services would compound that crisis by forcing individuals to use emergency rooms and expensive hospital services. Now is the time to assure adequate access to community care and reduce our reliance on institutions by investing in proven solutions. The following solutions fund recovery — not crisis — through responsible state investments.

provide them with appropriate mental health ately entering the juvenile justice system, prevent youth with mental illness from inapproprienforce their plans. State agencies must work to tive programming, and clients must have the right to of Children and Families (DCF) & DMHAS must be complex needs of this age group. The Department comprehensive young adult services statewide accountable for transition planning and collabora-Residential Programs are necessary to meet the with adequate staff and training. Specialized In-State mental health system (DMHAS). DMHAS must have an estimated 35% of incoming clients in the adult MENTAL ILLNESSES: Young adults account for YOUTH AND YOUNG ADULTS WITH ADDRESS THE CRISIS IN SERVICES FOR

treatment, and to collaboratively plan for transitions between departments and programs.

HOUSING: There is a critical need for state funding for new units of supportive housing over the next two years. Supportive housing gives people with mental illnesses the opportunity to move from more restrictive and expensive settings, such as residential treatment, into independent apartments, saving the state money by avoiding high cost institutionalization and emergency care (see chart).

Cost per day per person of CT supportive housing versus alternative settings often serving people with Disabilities (Corporation for Supportive Housing 2008)



In the last two funding rounds, more than 1,500 units that would help end homelessness could not be funded due to inadequate state resources. Without ongoing state investment, we will lose the developers ready to proceed with new

Projects. Keep the Promise supports the Reaching Home Campaign's call for 1060 new units of supportive housing in 2009.

are caught in the "Part D trap", and simplify access people have a spend down, will help people who making it even harder to qualify for Medicaid and administratively burdensome program to vital health care services. Raising the Medicaid income limit, so that fewer Medicare Part D has compounded the problem by Medicaid. Spend down is a complex, restrictive 80% of the poverty level since 1990. As a result other adults on Medicaid. It has remained below month period to "spend down" to qualify for resources must incur enough medical bills in a six thousands of vulnerable people with very limited disabled" should be set at the same standard as al income limit for people who are "aged, blind, or continue to be left far behind. The Medicaio serious psychiatric and physical disabilities health care coverage, older adults and people with PERSONS: As our state expands access to RAISE THE MEDICAID INCOME LIMIT FOR "AGED, BLIND, AND DISABLED"

ADJUSTMENT (COLA) FOR NONPROFIT PROVIDERS: Private Nonprofit (PNP) mental health providers service state clients but are paid substantially less than state operated providers for the same service. The average COLA for nonprofits over the last 20 years is 1.1%. Without PNP services, people will be forced to use more expensive institutional care. PNP services are critical to providing a community-based system of care and housing options for people with serious mental illnesses. Nonprofits require a 5.5% COLA in 2009 just to keep pace with the rate of inflation.